

6 Merger Myths

By Thomas A. McLaughlin

magining the ideal future of your nonprofit probably does not include a merger. Maybe it should; or maybe not. Either way, nonprofit leaders should have a clear understanding of what a merger entails so that accurate pros and cons can be weighed. Most of us give a little shiver and imagine the grim reaper when the word "merger" is tossed about; and as the interest in nonprofit mergers grows, so do the myths surrounding them. In the nonprofit sector, mergers carry the stigma of for-profit experiences. Considering some of the legendary train wrecks that for-profit mergers have turned out to be, this is understandable. On that basis alone many people reject them. Yet when myths dominate thinking in place of clear-eyed analysis, decision-making gets skewed. This is a good time to examine some of the more persistent ideas about mergers in the nonprofit sector.

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We'll Save Administrative Costs

The most persistent myth about nonprofit mergers is that they will save administrative costs. Maybe. Or maybe not. Many well-meaning outsiders looking in on the nonprofit sector conclude that there are 'too many nonprofits' and that there should be a lot of mergers in order to save money. Mostly this myth taps into everyone's shared distaste for spending more money on administrative costs than is absolutely necessary. There is no constituency for wasteful overhead spending, so it's a risk-free proposition.

But let's look at the economic realities of nonprofits and their mergers. The vast majority of nonprofit public charities have revenues barely into six figures, and the majority rarely clear even two million dollars per year. Many pressures keep administrative spending low already, so trimming even a small slice of that amount is a nearly heroic accomplishment. Those entertaining a merger with the primary idea of achieving major administrative savings will almost certainly be disappointed.

More important, any merger whose

chief goal is to achieve, say, \$20,000 in administrative savings is quickly going to seem like cruel and unusual punishment to those trying to make it happen. At some point they'll likely stop, look around, and ask each other 'we're doing all this just to save \$20,000?' Better to have a lofty strategic goal and be realistic about administrative savings.

More likely is that any savings will show up as more bang for the same buck. Only when one of the entities is much larger than the other and has far more established and efficient administrative systems will there be likely to be significant administrative savings.

There will be massive job cuts

The second most pervasive myth about nonprofit mergers is that they lead to massive job losses. This one is largely a carryover from mergers in the for-profit sector and the simplistic media coverage they usually get. Investors generally like mergers but they dislike the dip in stock prices they can bring. CEO's need to produce a quick offset to the additional cost of the merger, and the fastest way to do that is to lay off staff. The real heart of a merger is pretty unglamorous stuff, but the

Techniques for Strengthening Nonprofit Service Delivery Systems Prove Popular

By Marik Berardi, CT Nonprofits

Connecticut Association of Nonprofits recently teamed up with the Nonprofit Support Program at Hartford Foundation for Public Giving and United Way of Central and Northeastern Connecticut to deliver a presentation on collaboration and partnership in a changed economy.

Considering proposed budget cuts and an uncertain economy, partnerships, alliances, collaboration and mergers have been thrust to the torefront of nonprofit conversation nationwide.

"We want to be proactive. Thes relationships help organizations leverage and preserve resources at re-energize a collective mission to help us connect to our communitie in new ways," said Ron-Cretaro, Executive Director of Connecticut Association of Nonprofits."

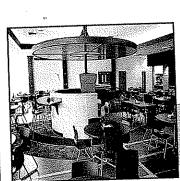
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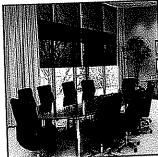
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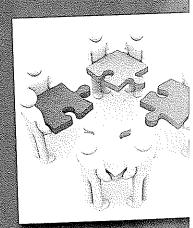
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The seminar, titled "The Parke of Partnership." took place at The Pond House at Elizabeth Park in West Hartford. It was designed for Executive Directors and Boa members. Over 120 nonprofit professionals attended.

The featured speaker was Thomas McLaughlin, a national

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recognized expert in nonprofit financial management and organizational restructuring. He is the Director of Consulting Services at the Nonprofit Finance Fund (NFF). The NFF is a national leader in helping nonprofits strengthen their financial health and improve their capacity to serve their communities.

Using a combination of humor and time-tested strategies, McLaughlin discussed conditions that make nonprofit collaborations a success, analyzing nonprofit organizations' potential for collaboration, creating a process for achieving a nonprofit merger, sources of resistance to collaboration and creating practical work plans for post-merger integration.

Susan B. Dunn, President and Chief Executive Officer of United Way of Central and Northeastern Connecticut reflected on the presentation, noting that "With increasing demand for services and decreasing revenues, nonprofits must look at new ways to deliver on their mission. This workshop helped to sort through the clutter of alternatives and provided a framework for evaluation of those alternatives."

The second half of the program featured a panel discussion on perspectives of successful partnerships. Panelists included Margot Kelly, a private consultant and retired COO of Neighborhood Reinvestment in Washington, D.C.; Rep. Denise Merrill,

"We will change and adapt to continue to provide the services our constituents need to strengthen and transform their communities."

House Majority Leader and June Renzulli, retired CEO of the Untied Way of Greater Danbury.

The additional insight provided by the panel conformed for Cretaro that "The sector is doing what it has always done." He added, "We will change and adapt to continue to provide the services our constituents need to strengthen and transform their communities." local television news reporter gets a readymade, instantly understandable story, and that becomes the lead. Interestingly, it may be the announcement itself that they're counting on to achieve the effect. One study tracked layoff announcements from the Wall Street Journal and calculated that if all of the announced job cuts had actually happened, the unemployment rate would have been 50%.

In the nonprofit sector there is nothing comparable to investor pressure so there is no inherent pressure to cut jobs. There may be incidental job losses, but any major level of job loss that occurs during a nonprofit merger was probably going to happen anyway. In fact, a merger may actually reduce some of those losses if it promotes more efficient service delivery models.

We'll lose our identity

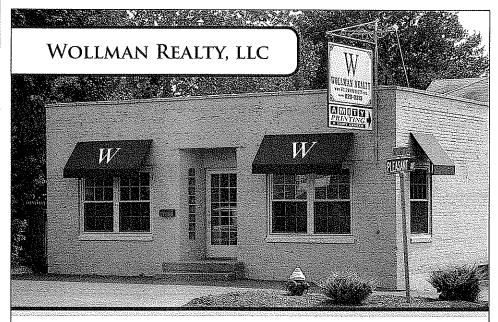
Of all the merger myths in this sector, this is one of the least well understood. For practical purposes, 'identity' means 'brand', and managing brands is one thing that the nonprofit sector is just beginning to master. In the days when the prevailing nonprofit model was one-corporation-one-site-one-brand, this may have been a legitimate fear. But many nonprofits are

Many nonprofit resources are currently locked in outdated business structures and aging program models.

learning that it is possible and sometimes even desirable to have multiple brands under the same roof. The decision to merge corporate structures is not the same thing as the decision to merge brands.

Let's figure out the structure first

Once the initial exploratory discussions are over, many board members and some CEOs want to jump right into a discussion about a desirable corporate structure. Big mistake. Form should follow function. Decide what you want the merger to accomplish and be clear about your shared assessments and desires. Only then is it worth having a discussion about structure.



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Shhhh. Don't tell anyone

For-profit mergers are done in secrecy because they have to be. Large amounts of money are often made or lost on swings in stock prices, and there are laws and regulations governing what merger planners can say. Premature disclosures can sink a deal, and unauthorized outsiders (and insiders) are always willing to try to cash in on a tip.

Nonprofit mergers may well have to start out in secrecy for vaguely similar reasons. No nonprofit wants potentially damaging rumors to scare off donors or unnecessarily alarm government funders. And the wrong kind of disclosure can create staff anxiety.

But if the best nonprofit mergers are decided from the top down, they must be implemented from the bottom up. Owning the company in a for-profit context confers now-hear-this authority, but in the nonprofit sector authority is diffuse and employee buy-in and good will are essential for implementation.

Nonprofits can often manage the message effectively to external stakeholders such as donors and even the media. Without the lost-jobs theme, nonprofit mergers take on less urgency for most media outlets. Even today, when the mainstream media picks up on stories about nonprofit mergers, the treatment tends to paint nonprofits as a monolithic industry, with specific mergers used as illustrations of broad trends rather than as the story itself.

Only failing organizations merge

Ironically, this tends to be a self-fulfilling myth. If they do not clearly understand the implications of their financial condition, many struggling nonprofits tend to hold on longer than they should. By the time they are finally ready to consider the idea it may be too late to salvage the programs.

The result is that the first wave of mergers in a given area does tend to involve stronger organizations taking over weaker ones, so that becomes the prevailing imagery. But combining an organization with a lot of problems with another, healthier organization with a lot of problems just produces a larger organization with a lot of problems to solve. The most constructive use of mergers is not to rescue organizations in trouble – which might

be able to be done in other ways – but to strengthen community capacity by building nonprofit organizational strength.

The increase in mergers is a product of the economic downturn

Although it is logical to associate the increase in merger activity with the economic downturn, the fact is that many nonprofit resources are currently locked in outdated corporate structures and aging program models. While the downturn is making mergers seem like a logical choice, it is only a catalyzing agent for trends that were already under way.

In the end, mergers are simply another leadership tool. Reflexive loyalty to unneeded corporate structures or to program models in need of innovation is not a virtue. Time to lighten the baggage of mythology.

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